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# Design and Development of MATLAB GUI and Zigbee Based Rapid Inventory Access System

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**ABSTRACT:** To meet the demands of growing population the size of the inventories of the large companies is also increasing and thereby it is becoming difficult to access the items stored in large inventories manually. Therefore it is need of the time to find an electronic solution for accessing the items which are stored in large inventories. It is possible to speed up the accessing of items stored in the inventories and thus reducing the man power involved in this job to great extent. This wireless rapid inventory access system using Zigbee can be very useful in large industries for quick accessing of parts of equipments from inventories and in large shops to access various items from large number of drawers in inventories. This all can be done wirelessly using a host computer having password protected GUI and Zigbee radios at transmitting and receiving ends. On selecting the desired items by clicking on the buttons available in the GUI, corresponding LEDs glow in the inventory wirelessly and simultaneously an alarm is raised by the buzzer. This is the alarm to the office assistant to fetch the items from the inventory. Now the drawers indicated by glowing LEDs can be accessed easily and quickly without any delay and confusion. The LEDs can be turned off by clicking the corresponding buttons in the GUI, after receiving the desired item on the counter.

KEYWORDS: Inventory access system, MATLAB GUI (GUIDE), ZigBee, microcontroller (PIC18).

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Today's modern inventories are so gigantic that the use of some automatic mechanism for quick accessing of items seems inevitable. To solve this problem, here we have devised a MATLAB GUI and Zigbee based wireless rapid inventory access system, which can be very useful in large industries and big shops for quick accessing of items from large number of drawers in inventories. This Wireless system with a host computer has a convenient Graphical User Interface (GUI). Zigbee radios are used at the transmitting and receiving ends to provide wireless functionality. The wireless rapid inventory access system has a host computer having Graphical User Interface (GUI). This GUI is created by using the GUIDE (GUI Development Environment application of the MATLAB. It is compulsory for the user to enter the password to prevent any unauthorized access to continue. On entering the correct password the operator can use the inventory access system. This GUI has push buttons representing items of the inventory [1]. A Zigbee mounted onto a Zigbee explorer is connected to the host computer which is configured as the coordinator. Another Zigbee present on the receiving end is configured as the router. The Zigbees are configured by using the X-CTU software. When the user clicks on the push buttons of the GUI the Zigbee at the transmitting end sends serial data. The Zigbee at the receiving end receives the data serially and sends it to the serial receive pin (Rx) of the microcontroller (PIC18F452). LEDs, which represent the drawers, are connected to the ports of the MCU. The LEDs that correspond to the clicked button glow up and simultaneously an alarm is raised by the buzzer. This is an alarm for the office assistant to fetch the items from the inventory. Now the drawers indicated by glowing LEDs can be accessed easily and quickly without any delay and confusion. After receiving the desired item on the counter, the LEDs can be turned off by clicking the corresponding buttons in the GUI [2].



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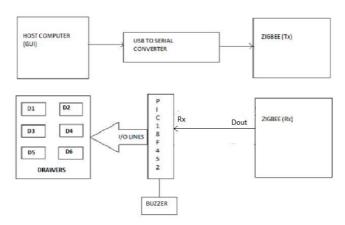


Figure 1.1: Block diagram of the proposed system

But sometimes, when the alarm is raised, the office assistant may be busy with some other task, so it may not be possible to fetch items immediately. By the time office assistant is busy with some other work, more items may also be ordered by the computer operator by glowing more other LEDs, raising the alarm again. When the office assistant finds himself free, all the ordered items can be fetched altogether.

### II.HARDWARE DESCRIPTION

#### a) PIC18F452

Microcontroller PIC18F452 has been used in this proposed work. It has high performance. It uses flash memory and 32 kb of code space, 1536 bytes of RAM. It is having 256 bytes of EEPROM and runs up to 40 MHz of clock speed. PLL option is available which can be enabled or disabled via programming. With the use of PLL the clock frequency gets multiplied by four. In this case maximum frequency for external crystal is 10 MHz. It also has an USB interface.

#### b) Zigbee

ZigBee is a wireless transmission protocol and low power digital radio. It is based on an IEEE 802.15.4 standard for PANs. Unlicensed ISM bands use ZigBee modules. Power consumption is of vital importance in embedded systems so ZigBee radio modules are used extensively [3]. Coordinator, router and end-device are the main categories of ZigBee devices in a ZigBee network. In a ZigBee network each device has a unique 16 bit **PAN ID**.

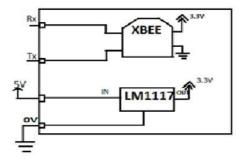


Figure 1.2: Block diagram of the Zigbee adapter.



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#### III.SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

#### a) mikroC

mikroC is a development tool used for the PIC microcontrollers. microC is used to develop embedded system applications. It is very easy for the programmer to develop applications with the help of powerful microC tool. Not only it makes the programming easy to the programmer but also the high performance features are also retained. C language is used mostly to program the microcontrollers, as it becomes much easier to program the microcontrollers in C. Various features made available to the user by the microC includes- ANSI compliant compiler, very advanced Integrated Development Environment, comprehensive documentation, large libraries for hardware, and enriched set of examples.

#### b) MATLAB

MATLAB stands for the "MATrix LABoratory". It is a language for high-performance technical computing which includes visualization, computation, and programming in a user friendly environment. In MATLAB problems and their solutions are represented in common mathematical notations.

#### c) Overview of GUIDE

GUIDE is the acronym for GUI Development Environment. GUIDE provides various tools which helps in creating GUIs. GUIDE can be greatly helpful in designing graphical user interfaces. Two tasks are required to be performed to create GUIs which are mentioned below-

- □ *Layout the GUI:* The Layout Editor available in GUIDE contains various icons to help us make GUIs. These include icons for button, edit text, static text, toggle button etc. It is very easy to use any component depicted in the toolbox by clicking on it and to use it in our GUI. GUI layout is stored in a FIG-file.
- Program the GUI: On creating the GUI in the layout editor, a MATLAB program file is automatically generated by GUIDE. This program file has the control of the GUI. The GUI is initialized by the code present in that file. When the user clicks on the GUI component commands are executed. We can add our own code to the callbacks with the help of MATLAB editor to make it perform what we want. Callbacks are the functions which respond to user's action. It is also possible to create GUIs by writing code in

MATLAB without using GUIDE in the MATLAB command window [5].

### d) X-CTU

X-CTU is a tool that configures ZigBee modules with whatever settings required. First step is to install X-CTU software. After this, ZigBee module's configuration begins. A point-to-point network is required to be constructed, which means that the two devices will communicate with each other. For this purpose, one ZigBee should be configured as a Coordinator, and the other should be configured as a Router. To begin, we need to insert the ZigBee module (xbee radio) onto the XBee Explorer device and connect it to computer through RS232 serial port. To make the radio modules to communicate with each other, it is essential to edit the addressing settings appropriately [4]. In the destination address high (DH) and destination address low (DL) of each xbee module, write the serial number high (SH) and serial number low (SL) of the other radio module.

### **IV.RESULTS**

A GUI has been created in this project to rapidly access the inventory items wirelessly. GUIDE (Graphical User Interface Development Environment) application of the MATLAB has been used to make the GUI. A password window has been created. It is mandatory to enter password to prevent any unauthorized access.



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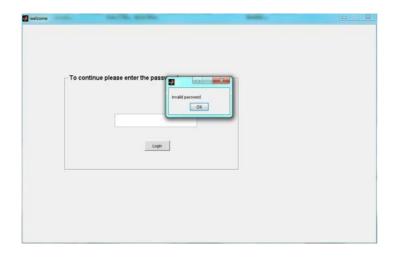


Figure 1.3: Password window on entering the incorrect password.

On entering incorrect password, a message window pops up, displaying 'invalid password' as shown in the figure 1.3. The password box gets cleared automatically, on entering the incorrect password. This allows the user to enter the password again without any need to erase the wrong password. After entering the correct password the user is allowed to use the application. The GUI has two sets of panels having buttons, viz. LED ON panel and LED OFF panel to turn the LEDs on or off. Now on selecting the desired items by clicking on the buttons available in the LED ON panel of the GUI, the LED corresponding to that item for the drawer glows up, accompanied by the buzzer alarm. This is an alarm for the office assistant to fetch the item from the inventory. When any item is received on the counter, corresponding LED can be turned off by clicking on button of the LED OFF panel.

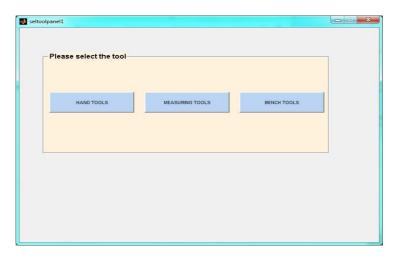


Figure 1.4: Select tool Window appears on entering correct password.



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Figure 1.5: Window appearing on clicking on the HAND TOOLS button.

Figure 1.8 shows the image of various LEDs glowing after clicking the corresponding buttons in the GUI of the respective LED ON panels, with the buzzer alarm. In figure 1.9, image showing various LEDs glowing with the buzzer alarm, as in case of the figure 1.8 except one blue LED in off status, after clicking the corresponding button of the LED OFF panel in the GUI, is shown.



Figure 1.6: Window appearing on clicking on the MEASURING TOOLS buttons.



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Figure 1.7: Window appearing on clicking on the BENCH TOOLS button.

Figure 1.8: Image showing various LEDs glowing with the buzzer Alarm, after clicking the corresponding buttons in the in the GUI of the respective LED ON panels.



Figure 1.9: Image showing LEDs glowing with the buzzer alarm and blue LED in off status on clicking the corresponding button of the LED OFF panel in the GUI.

#### **V.CONCLUSION**

This wireless automatic rapid inventory access system using Zigbee can prove to be very useful in big industries and shops to quickly access various items from inventories. A host computer having Graphical User Interface (GUI), Zigbee radio devices at transmitting and receiving ends are used to do it wirelessly. The inventory access system contains a Graphical User Interface (GUI) supported computer at the transmitting side. It is essential for the user to enter the password to prevent any unauthorized access. On entering the correct password the user can use the inventory access system. The GUI has two sets of panels having buttons, viz. LED ON panel and LED OFF panel to turn the LEDs on or off. Now on selecting the desired items by clicking on the buttons available in the LED ON panel of the GUI, the Zigbee connected to the computer through Zigbee explorer, transmits the serial data. This data is received serially by the Zigbee at the receiving end. Now the data arrives at the serial receive pin of the microcontroller and the corresponding LEDs glow which are connected to the port of the microcontroller and simultaneously an alarm will be raised by the buzzer. This will be the alarm to the office assistant to fetch the items from the inventory. Now the drawers indicated by glowing LEDs can be accessed easily and quickly without any delay and confusion. Now the



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computer operator can turn off the LEDs, after receiving the desired item on the counter, by clicking the corresponding buttons of the LED OFF panel of the GUI. Following modifications and advancements are possible in this proposed work in future:

	More number of Zigbee modules may be used at the receiving end to create more nodes to make the system more useful for larger industries and shops to handle large number of drawers.
$\Box$ X	Thee radios of larger range may be used for huge inventories.
$\Box$ G	Graphical User Interface (GUI) may have more other features to improve the convenience of the user.

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