



A Survey on Patient's Health Monitoring System in Real Time Using Raspberry Pi

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ABSTRACT:Proposed implementation entitled “Patient's Health Monitoring System in Real Time Using Raspberry Pi” is the work helpful to village side patients and remote monitoring of patient can be in emergency situation for the patient's health conditions using health parameter measuring sensors for various health parameters is a major improvement in the medical era. The sensors used in proposed work gets thebiomedical signals of patient body, helps to monitor the patient’s condition in real time and camera can helps doctors for seeing patient in real time. In this concept, the monitoring of the patient is done by the doctor without actually visiting to the patient. Here, we are using electronic sensors for the body parameters measurement like temperature, pulse rate and seeing of patient using camera. These sensed signals are transmitted to the Raspberry pi to update the data continuously via ADC which will convert these analog signals into digital signals. Through radio media, these processed data is sent through wireless at receiver for seeing by doctors monitoringscreen (Laptop or PC with internet connection). So, the doctor can monitor patient condition and interact with the patient's health parameter so that doctor can suggest prescriptions for in the emergency situation just by sitting in his chamber.

KEYWORDS:Raspberry pi, Temperaturesensor, pulse rate sensor, camera, monitor, Wi-Fi connection

I.INTRODUCTION

Proposed system introduces measurement of patient’s health parameters usingelectronicsensors. If we connect an electronic sensorto patient’sbody which will sense health parameter that is temperature, pulse rate and observing to patient using camera and sends it to the doctor to remote location.Earlier the health care system was working on analog input system and output taken from the signal is displayed on CRO or any computer screen. That output data maybe in analog form or in digital form. For this type of input and output data's the converter like ADC and DAC are required which is itself in raspberry pi. Also systems were relied on wired network. This network is formed with the help of RS232 and RS485 or USB. After that the communication is done through the protocol like TCP/IP. These protocols were developed further like I2C bus protocol. To monitor the patient there is a computer system required in earlier health care system but according to latest technology of Raspberry pi which itself is a mini computer which overcomes this problem. One Raspberry can manipulate the multiple patients reading and those are allowed to pass on the other uses sharing the same area network. Providing healthcare services is very important for people specially who have chronic diseases. System can be usefulthose people need continuous healthcare which cannot be provided outside hospitals.

Reasons for the proposed system:

- Making healthcare more accessible for people who do not have access to healthcare providers in their communities;
- Making healthcare easier for people who do not have access to public transportation in order to go to hospitals; Increasing bed capacity in hospitals, especially during public events where a large number of people are meeting in one place
- Giving medical staff more times to be attentive to patients who need more care;
- Preventing delays in the arrival of patients medical information to the healthcare providers, particularly in accident and emergency situations; and



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- Reducing manual data entry for patient's data which prevents real-time monitoring and restricts medical staff to monitor their patients efficiently.

II.LITERATURE REVIEW

I have gone through the various research work of health monitoring system, they have used Zigbee technology, web services and various technologies. For the proposed system keywords are :pulse rate sensing unit, temperature sensing unit, blood pressure measurement unit and adaptive part which I am going to use is camera for monitoring the patients in real time and also health parameters which doesn't have electronic sensor can get through camera by measurement using traditional equipment and observation of it through camera streaming scene using raspberry pi module.

"Implementation of health-care monitoring system using raspberry pi", by Abhilasha Ingole, Shrikant Ambatkar, Sandeep Kakde, presented at the IEEE ICCSP 2015 conference in 2015. In this paper basic parameters like body temperature & heart beat is monitored and is transferred on webpage to make it locally visible for users. The system is design to read the body temperature and heartbeat of patient at run time. The system mainly focused on collecting the physical parameter and then that information is made available for multiple users. The results or the collected information is sent to multiple users who share same area network. Once the user operates his system he will receive the information which is updated automatically since, the program is a user interface. As the collected data is made available for user, one can refer that data to determine the health condition of patients. Since the system is automatically updated after particular time span the data is refreshed and if any abnormality arises that may be detected using the alarm [1]. To realize distributed body temperature monitoring system is designed using temperature sensor DS18B20. Body temperature data is collected with the help of DS18B20 temperature sensor and a 4.7k resistor. When the heart beat detector is working at that time the LED flashes in unison with each. Heart beat and shows the status of device. It works on the principle of light modulation by blood flow through finger at each pulse. This digital output is connected to Raspberry Pi by using 5V to 3.3V level converter/shifter to measure the Beats per Minute (BPM) rate. The 7 detected values should be available for every doctor who is appointed for that patient, for this the detected values should be made local by uploading them on particular webpage. This webpage is refreshed in every second who shows detected values at runtime. It will contain the basic information of the patient and the determined values of body temperature and pulse rate (which are refreshed at every second).

"Raspberry Pi Based Patient Monitoring System uses Wireless Sensor Nodes", by Mendrela Biswas, presented at International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET) in April-2016. In this project, the monitoring of the patient is done by the doctor continuously without actually visiting the patient. Here, we are using various sensors to sense the physiological parameters like temperature, blood pressure, ECG and the level of saline. These sensed signals are transmitted to the Raspberry pi to update the data continuously via ADC which will convert these analog signals into digital signals. Through RF transmitter, the data is sent wirelessly to the monitor screen of the doctor. So, the doctor can visualize the patient's data just by sitting in his cabin. When a critical condition occurs, the visual indications will be sent onto the screen [4].

"Patient Parameter Monitoring System using Raspberry Pi", by Navdetti, presented at International Journal Of Engineering And Computer Science in March-2016. This system is designed to be used in hospitals for measuring and monitoring various parameters like temperature, ECG, heartbeat etc. The results can be recorded using Raspberry Pi displayed on a LCD display. Also the results can be sent to server using GSM module. Doctors can login to a website and view those results. In our system we are measuring patient's parameters (ECG, temperature, heart rate, pulse, etc) different available sensors. This sensor collected data i.e. biometric information is given to raspberry pi and then it is transferred to server. Biometric information gathered can be wirelessly sent using different options available such as Wi-Fi, 3G, GSM, Bluetooth, 802.15.4 and ZigBee depending on the application. The data stored in a database and can be displayed in a website that can be accessed only by authorized personnel. The doctors, RMOs, patient or his family members can begin authorization. The system even facilitates the doctor to view the patient's previous history from the data in memory.

"Web Based Remote Patient Monitoring System with Integrated GSM", by Nikita Patni, presented at International Journal of Advanced Research in Electronics and Communication Engineering in April-2015. In this paper created portable embedded system based on ARM processor that facilitates RPM using wired, wireless communication and cellular technology. This system implemented ZigBee interface for wireless communication and GSM for mobile based remote monitoring along with wired web interface. It is observed that, wired interface provides reliability in



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communication while wireless interface gives flexibility in patient movement whereas cellular interface provides solution for emergency situations.

“Wireless Biomedical Parameter Monitoring System” by Harshavardhan B. Patil, presented at International Journal of Engineering Research and Applications in April-2015. In this review paper, wireless biomedical parameter monitoring system using ZigBee. The system can be used to monitor physiological parameters, such as Blood pressure (Systolic and Diastolic), Pulse rate, Temperature of a human subject. Using several sensors to measure different vital signs, the person is wirelessly monitored within his own home. Impact sensor has been used to detect falls. The device detects if person is medically distressed and sends an alarm to a receiver unit that is connected to a computer. This sets an alarm allowing help to be provided to the user. The device is battery powered for use outdoors. The wireless biomedical parameter monitoring system is based on wireless sensors and communication module. There are some existing systems as only to measure only one or two biomedical parameters at a time, in this system more than two parameters can be measured. This system incorporates different sensors with interfacing of microcontroller and making communication through ZigBee module with two different sections named, transmitter and receiver section. So proposed system is more superior to existing system.

Wireless-Patient-Monitoring-System-Using-Point-To-Multi-Point-Zigbee Technology" by Aung Soe Phyo, Zaw Myo Tun and Hla Myo Tun, presented at International Journal Of Scientific & Technology Research in June-2015. This application of Zigbee based network consists of two transmitter sections and a receiver section. Each transmitter section consists of heartbeat sensor, body temperature sensor, microcontroller, Zigbee and LCD module. In the proposed system the patients' health is continuously monitored and the acquired data is analyzed at a personal computer using Graphical User Interface (GUI). If a particular patient's health parameter is higher or lower than the threshold values, an alarm system is used to alert the doctor. The aim of this system is to know the condition of patient's health by the doctor immediately and to reduce the load of the staff taking care of the patient in the hospitals. In this paper, wireless point to multi-point system is used between doctor and patient. This paper describes the wireless sensor network based on ZigBee technology. It is mainly used for collecting and transferring the various monitoring information about the patients in hospitals. Wireless sensor networks application for physiological signals communication transmission has many technologies. Such as the Infrared, Bluetooth and ZigBee, etc. Because the angle limit problem of the infrared transmission, and the infrared have not been used for Physiological signal transmission. Although Bluetooth is better than ZigBee for transmission rate, but ZigBee has lower power consumption. Hence, ZigBee is generally used for 24 hours monitor of communication transmission systems. Compared to Bluetooth, ZigBee provides higher network flexibility and a larger number of nodes, and a better transmission range with low power consumption. Large number of nodes enables the expansion of such systems. Recently, ZigBee based wireless networks were tested in various applications.

By the reference with all of the research papers which I have mentioned above, I want to implement, the system which will overcome the drawbacks and also the proposed system is applicable in real time interaction between patient side and doctor side using raspberry pi, communication medium, also a camera unit which is a new idea beyond existing system. The already mentioned systems done with health monitoring system using raspberry pi, zigbee, GSM etc. The referenced system doesn't have real time interaction between patient and doctor but proposed system will overcome this drawback. The proposed system will most useful for the village side patient, who didn't get on time treatment with proper prescription, no doubt village side doctors also know prescription but still they refer the patient to specialized doctor. At this time system will be very useful.

The proposed system involves various health parameters such as pulse rate, temperature, heart beat and innovative part over referenced systems which is camera unit which will monitor to the patient and also blood pressure measured using Sphygmomanometer.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The system will overcome some drawbacks and also the proposed system is applicable in real time interaction between patient side and doctor side using raspberry pi, through communication medium (internet) and also involves a camera unit which is a new idea beyond existing system. The already mentioned systems done with health monitoring system using raspberry pi, zigbee, GSM etc. The referenced system doesn't have real time interaction between patient and doctor but proposed system will overcome this drawback. The proposed system will most useful for the village side patient, who didn't get on time treatment with proper prescription, no doubt village side doctors also know prescription but still they refer the patient to specialized doctor. At the time system will be helpful.

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The proposed system involves various health parameters such as pulse rate, temperature and innovative part over referenced systems which are camera unit which will capture live streaming to the patient and also blood pressure measured using Sphygmomanometer.

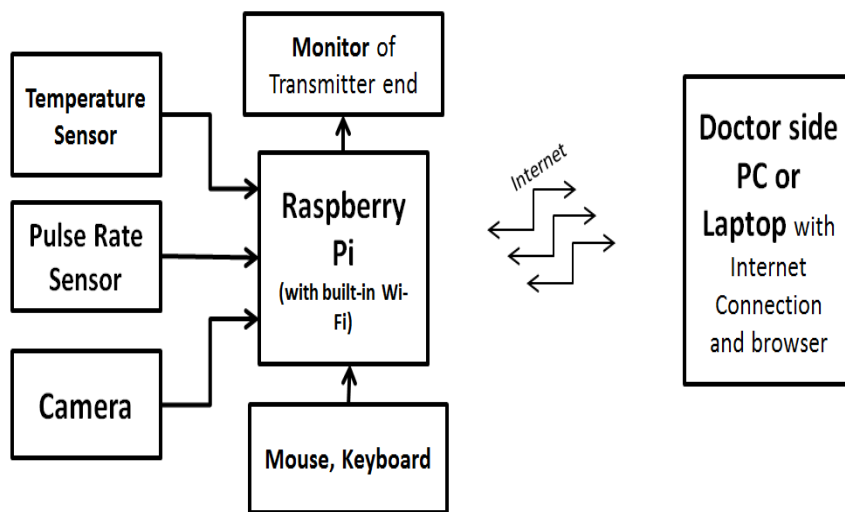


Fig.1 Block Diagram of proposed system

VI. CONCLUSION

From the review I conclude that proposed system provides accurate and fast user authentication. Using Raspberry pi board system features various features as well as advantages of fast processing applicable at high end era too. Raspberry pi transmits sensed data to doctor through internet network this can be of great use in the field of medicine and helps the Doctor to keep a keen eye on the patients' health. Internet medium has its own significance from which I have chosen Raspberry pi for accessing proposed system from remote place.

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